1	Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Of Counsel to Prenda Law Inc.	2012 AUG -2 AM 8: 46						
2	38 Miller Avenue, #263	CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DIST. OF CALIF.						
3	Mill Valley, CA 94941 415-325-5900	LOS ANGELES						
4	blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com	DY						
5	Attorney for Plaintiff							
6								
7	IN THE UNITED S	O STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE						
8	CENTRAL	AL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
9	*	CV12-6687						
10	AF HOLDINGS LLC,	No.CV12-6657. Judge: GW (EX)						
11	Plaintiff, v.	Judge: () (LX)						
12	JOHN DOE) COMPLAINT						
13	Defendant.							
14) DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL						
15								
16	Plaintiff AF Holdings LLC ("Pl	laintiff"), through its undersigned counsel, hereby files this						
17	Complaint requesting damages and injunctive relief, and alleges as follows:							
18	NATURE OF THE CASE							
19	Plaintiff files this action for copyright infringement under the United States Copyrigh							
20	Act and related contributory infringement and negligence claims under the common law to comba							
21	the willful and intentional infringement	nt of its creative works. Unidentified Defendant John Doe						
22		spects to ascertain during discovery, knowingly and illegally						
23								
24		copyrighted Video by acting in concert with others via the						
25	BitTorrent file sharing protocol and, upon information and belief, continues to do the same. In using							
26	BitTorrent, Defendant's infringment act	tions furthered the efforts of numerous others in infringing or						
27	Plaintiff's copyrighted works. The resu	lt: exponential viral infringment. Plaintiff seeks a permanent						
28								

injunction, statutory or actual damages, award of costs and attorney's fees, and other relief to curb this behavior.

THE PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff AF Holdings LLC is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the Federation of Saint Kitts and Nevis. Plaintiff is a holder of rights to various copyrighted works, and is the exclusive holder of the relevant rights with respect to the copyrighted creative work at issue in this Complaint.
- 3. The copyrighted work at issue in this complaint is one of Plaintiff's adult entertainment videos, "Sexual Obsession" (the "Video").
- 4. Defendant's actual name is unknown to Plaintiff. Instead, Defendant is known to Plaintiff only by an Internet Protocol address ("IP address"), which is a number assigned to devices, such as computers, that are connected to the Internet. In the course of monitoring Internet-based infringement of its copyrighted content, Plaintiff's agents observed unlawful reproduction and distribution occurring over IP address 24.205.76.222 via the BitTorrent file transfer protocol. Plaintiff cannot ascertain Defendant's actual identity without limited expedited discovery.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Plaintiff's copyright infringement claim under 17 U.S.C. §§ 101, et seq., (the Copyright Act), 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (actions arising under the laws of the United States), and 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a) (actions arising under an Act of Congress relating to copyrights). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's contributory infringement and negligence claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) because they are so related to Plaintiff's copyright infringement claim, which is within this Court's original jurisdiction, that the claims form part of the same case and controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction because, upon information and belief, Defendant either resides in or committed copyright infringement in the State of California. Plaintiff used geolocation technology to trace the IP address of the Defendant to a point of origin within the State of California. Geolocation is a method for ascertaining the likely geographic region associated with a given IP address at a given date and time. Although not a litmus test for personal jurisdiction, the use of geolocation gives Plaintiff good cause for asserting that personal jurisdiction is proper over the Defendant.
- 7. Venue is properly founded in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1400(a) because Defendant resides in this District, may be found in this District, or a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims in this action occurred within this District.

BACKGROUND

- 8. BitTorrent is a modern file sharing method ("protocol") used for distributing data via the Internet.
- 9. Traditional file transfer protocols involve a central server, which distributes data directly to individual users. This method is prone to collapse when large numbers of users request data from the central server, in which case the server can become overburdened and the rate of data transmission can slow considerably or cease altogether. In addition, the reliability of access to the data stored on a server is largely dependent on the server's ability to continue functioning for prolonged periods of time under high resource demands.
- 10. Standard P2P protocols involve a one-to-one transfer of whole files between a single uploader and single downloader. Although standard P2P protocols solve some of the issues associated with traditional file transfer protocols, these protocols still suffer from such issues as scalability. For example, when a popular file is released (e.g. an illegal copy of the latest blockbuster movie) the initial source of the file performs a one-to-one whole file transfer to a third party, who

then performs similar transfers. The one-to-one whole file transfer method can significantly delay the spread of a file across the world because the initial spread is so limited.

- Instead of relying on a central server to distribute data directly to individual users, the BitTorrent protocol allows individual users to distribute data among themselves. Further, the BitTorrent protocol involves breaking a single large file into many small pieces, which can be transferred much more quickly than a single large file and, in turn, redistributed much more quickly than a single large file. Moreover, each peer can download missing pieces of the file from multiple sources—often simultaneously—which causes transfers to be fast and reliable. After downloading a piece, a peer automatically becomes a source for the piece. This distribution method contrasts sharply with a one-to-one whole file transfer method.
- 12. In BitTorrent vernacular, individual downloaders/distributors of a particular file are called peers. The group of peers involved in downloading/distributing a particular file is called a swarm. A server which stores a list of peers in a swarm is called a tracker. A computer program that implements the BitTorrent protocol is called a BitTorrent client. Each swarm is unique to a particular file.
- This file contains information about the files to be shared and about the tracker, the computer that coordinates the file distribution. Second, the user loads the torrent file into a BitTorrent client, which automatically attempts to connect to the tracker listed in the torrent file. Third, the tracker responds with a list of peers and the BitTorrent client connects to those peers to begin downloading data from and distributing data to the other peers in the swarm. When the download is complete, the BitTorrent client continues distributing data to other peers in the swarm until the user manually disconnects from the swarm or the BitTorrent client otherwise does the same.

- 14. The degree of anonymity provided by the BitTorrent protocol is extremely low. Because the protocol is based on peers connecting to one another, a peer must broadcast identifying information (i.e. an IP address) before it can receive data. Nevertheless, the actual names of peers in a swarm are unknown, as the users are allowed to download and distribute under the cover of their IP addresses.
- 15. The BitTorrent protocol is an extremely popular method for transferring data. The size of swarms for popular files can reach into the tens of thousands of unique peers. A swarm will commonly have peers from many, if not every, state in the United States and several countries around the world. And every peer in the swarm participates in distributing the file to dozens, hundreds, or even thousands of other peers.
- The BitTorrent protocol is also an extremely popular method for unlawfully copying, reproducing, and distributing files in violation of the copyright laws of the United States. A broad range of copyrighted albums, audiovisual files, photographs, software, and other forms of media are available for illegal reproduction and distribution via the BitTorrent protocol.
- BitTorrent's decentralized nature. Because there are no central servers to enjoin from unlawfully distributing copyrighted content, there is no primary target on which to focus anti-piracy efforts. Indeed, the same decentralization that makes the BitTorrent protocol an extremely robust and efficient means of transferring enormous quantities of data also acts to insulate it from anti-piracy measures. This lawsuit is Plaintiff's only practical means of combating BitTorrent-based infringement of the Video.

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS

18. Plaintiff is the exclusive rights holder with respect to BitTorrent-based reproduction and distribution of the Video.

- 19. The Video is currently registered in the United States Copyright Office (Copyright No. PA0001725120). (See Exhibit A to Complaint.) On June 12, 2011, Plaintiff received the rights to this Video pursuant to an assignment agreement, a true and correct copy of that agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit B. (See Exhibit B to Complaint.)
- 20. The torrent file used to access the copyrighted material was named in a manner that would have provided an ordinary individual with notice that the Video was protected by the copyright laws of the United States.
- 21. Plaintiff employs proprietary peer-to-peer network forensic software to perform exhaustive real time monitoring of the BitTorrent-based swarm involved in distributing the Video. This software is effective in capturing data about the activity of peers in a swarm and their infringing conduct.
- 22. Defendant, using IP address 24.205.76.222, without Plaintiff's authorization or license, intentionally downloaded a torrent file particular to Plaintiff's Video, purposefully loaded that torrent file into his BitTorrent client—in this case, Transmission 2.60—entered a BitTorrent swarm particular to Plaintiff's Video, and reproduced and distributed the Video to numerous third parties.
- 23. Plaintiff's investigators detected Defendant's illegal download on 2012-07-10 at 07:11:05 (UTC). However, this is a simply a snapshot observation of when the IP address was *observed* in the BitTorrent swarm; the conduct took itself place before and after this date and time.
- 24. Defendant was part of a group of BitTorrent users or peers in a single swarm—a process generally described above—whose computers were collectively interconnected for the sharing of a particular unique file. The particular file a BitTorrent swarm is associated with has a unique file "hash"—i.e. a unique file identifier generated by an algorithm. The unique hash value in

this case is identified as F00A7C83D6C7F61FEFA07BD916A50C90A16048E8 (hereinafter "Hash

COUNT I – COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

- Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in the
- Defendant's conduct infringes upon Plaintiff's exclusive rights of reproduction and
- Defendant knew or had constructive knowledge that his acts constituted copyright
- Defendant's conduct was willful within the meaning of the Copyright Act:
- Plaintiff has been damaged by Defendant's conduct, including but not limited to economic and reputation losses. Plaintiff continues to be damaged by such conduct, and has no adequate remedy at law to compensate the Plaintiff for all of the possible damages stemming from
- Plaintiff hereby reserves the right, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), to elect to recover statutory damages for each infringement, in lieu of seeking recovery of actual damages.
- As Defendant's infringement was intentional and willful, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of statutory damages, exemplary damages, attorneys' fees, and the costs of the suit.

COUNT II – CONTRIBUTORY INFRINGEMENT

- Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in the
- When users in this unique swarm all possess the same infringing work with the same exact hash value, it is because each infringer possesses an exact digital copy, containing the exact

bits and pieces unique to that specific file of Plaintiff's original copyrighted work. They only way this happens in a BitTorrent swarm is through the sharing of these bits and pieces of each same unique file, with the same unique hash value, between the users in the swarm. In essence, although hundreds of users may be uploading the copyrighted work, a single user will receive only the exact parts of a singular upload through that exact swarm, not a compilation of available pieces from various uploads.

- 34. Defendant published the Hash Tag to the BitTorrent network.
- 35. Defendant downloaded, uploaded and distributed the Video to other BitTorrent users through use of the hash-specified protocol in the unique swarm.
- 36. As each of the thousands of people who illegally downloaded the movie accessed this illegal publication, they derived portions of their illegal replication of the file from multiple persons, including, but not limited to, Defendant.
- 37. Defendant knew of the infringement, was conscious of his own infringement, and Defendant was fully concsious that his actions resulted in multiple other persons derivatively downloaded the file containing Plaintiff's Video.
- 38. The infringement by the other BitTorrent users could not have occurred without Defendant's participation in uploading Plaintiff's copyrighted works. As such, Defendant's participation in the infringing activities of others is substantial and contributed, for profit, to the infringing activity of thousands of other peers over the Internet across the world.
- 39. Defendant profited from this contributory infringement by way of being granted access to a greater library of other infringing works, some of which belonged to Plaintiff and some of which belonged to other copyright owners.

COUNT III – NEGLIGENCE

- 40. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth fully herein.
- 41. Defendant accessed, or controlled access to, the Internet connection used in performing the unauthorized copying and sharing of Plaintiff's Video, proximately causing financial harm to Plaintiff.
- 42. Defendant had a duty to secure his Internet connection. Defendant breached that duty by failing to secure his Internet connection.
- 43. Reasonable Internet users take steps to secure their Internet access accounts preventing the use of such accounts for an illegal purpose. Defendant's failure to secure his Internet access account, thereby allowing for its illegal use, constitutes a breach of the ordinary care that a reasonable Internet account holder would do under like circumstances.
- 44. In the alternative, Defendant secured his connection, but permitted an unknown third party to use his Internet connection to infringe on Plaintiff's Video. Defendant knew, or should have known, that this unidentified individual used Defendant's Internet connection for the aformentioned illegal activities. Defendant declined to monitor the unidentified third-party infringer's use of his computer Internet connection, demonstrating further negligence.
- 45. In the alternative, Defendant knew of, and allowed for, the unidentified third party infringer's use of his Internet connection for illegal purposes and thus was complicit in the unidentified third party's actions.
- 46. Upon information and belief, Defendant's failure to secure his Internet access account directly allowed for the copying and sharing of Plaintiff's Video over the BitTorrent protocol through Defendant's Internet connection, and interfered with Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the copyrighted work.

- 47. Upon information and belief, Defendant knew, or should have known of, the unidentified third party's infringing actions, and, despite this, Defendant directly, or indirectly, allowed for the copying and sharing of Plaintiff's Video over the BitTorrent protocol through Defendant's Internet connection, and interfered with Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the copyrighted Video.
- 48. By virtue of his unsecured access, Defendant negligently allowed the use of his Internet access account to perform the above-described copying and sharing of Plaintiff's copyrighted Video.
- 49. Had Defendant taken reasonable care in securing access to this Internet connection, or monitoring the unidentified third-party individual's use of his Internet connection, such infringements as those described above would not have occurred by the use of Defendant's Internet access account.
- 50. Defendant's negligent actions allow others to unlawfully copy and share Plaintiff's copyrighted Video, proximately causing financial harm to Plaintiff and unlawfully interfering with Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the Video.

JURY DEMAND

51. Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial in this case.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests Judgment and relief as follows:

1) Judgment against Defendant that he has: a) willfully infringed Plaintiff's rights in federally registered copyrights pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 501; and b) otherwise injured the business reputation and business of Plaintiff by Defendant's acts and conduct set forth in this Complaint;

1				Respectfully Submitted,	
2		inger		PRENDA LAW INC.	
3	DATED: July 24, 2012				
4	DATED: 0419 24, 2012		Den	/a/ Bratt I. Gibbs	
5			By:	/s/ Brett L. Gibbs	_
6				Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Of Counsel to Prenda Law Inc.	
7		-		38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff	
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			COMPI	LAINT CASE NO.	

DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a). /s/ Brett L. Gibbs By: Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Attorney for Plaintiff

COMPLAINT

CASE NO.

EXHIBIT A



Public Catalog

Copyright Catalog (1978 to present)

Search Request: Left Anchored Copyright Number = PA0001725120

Search Results: Displaying 1 of 1 entries



Labeled View

Sexual Obsession.

Type of Work: Motion Picture

Registration Number / Date: PA0001725120 / 2011-03-25

Application Title: Sexual Obsession.

Title: Sexual Obsession.

Description: Videodisc (DVD)

Copyright Claimant: Heartbreaker Films. Address: 26873 Sierra Hwy, #141, Santa Clarita, CA, 91321,

United States.

Date of Creation: 2011

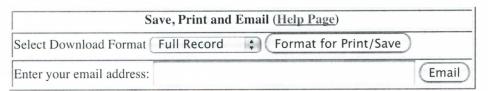
Date of Publication: 2011-03-14 **Nation of First Publication:** United States

Authorship on Application: Heartbreaker Films, employer for hire; Domicile: United States; Citizenship: United

States. Authorship: entire motion picture.

Names: Heartbreaker Films





Help Search History Titles Start Over

Contact Us | Request Copies | Get a Search Estimate | Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) about Copyright | Copyright Office Home Page | Library of Congress Home Page

EXHIBIT B

COPYRIGHT ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT

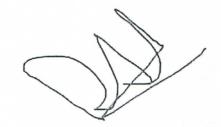
This Copyright Assignment Agreement is dated effective as of June 12, 2011, by and among Heartbreaker Productions, Inc., Heartbreaker Films, XSC Digital Corp., Raymond Rogers (each an "Assignor" and collectively the "Assignors") and AF Holdings, LLC, a Nevis limited hability company ("Assignee").

For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows.

- 1. Assignment. Assignors hereby irrevocably assign, convey and otherwise transfer to Assignee, and its respective successors, licensees, and assigns, all right, title and interest worldwide in and to that certain work titled "Sexual Obsession" and associated with copyright registration number PA0001725120 (collectively the "Work") and all proprietary rights therein, including, without limitation, all copyrights, trademarks, design patents, trade secret rights, moral rights, and all contract and licensing rights, and all claims and causes of action of respect to any of the foregoing, whether now known or hereafter to become known. In the event, Assignor has any right in the Work which cannot be assigned. Assignor agrees to waive enforcement worldwide of such right against Assignee, its distributors, and customers or, if necessary, exclusively license such right worldwide to Assignee. These rights may be assigned by Assignee.
- 2. Representation and Warranties. Assignors represent and warrant that: (a) the Work was created solely by an Assignor, an Assignor's full-time employees during the course of their employment, or independent contractors who assigned all right, title and interest in their work to an Assignor; (b) an Assignor is the owner of all right, title and interest in the tangible forms of the Work and all intellectual property rights protecting them; (c) the Work and the intellectual property rights protecting them are free and clear of all encumbrances, including, without limitation, security interests, licenses, liens, charges or other restrictions; (d) the use, reproduction, distribution, or modification of the Work does not and will not violate the rights of any third parties in the Work including, but not limited to, trade secrets, publicity, privacy, copyrights, and patents; (e) the Work is not in the public domain; and (f) each Assignor has full power and authority to make and enter into this Agreement. Each Assignor agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Assignee, its officers, directors and employees for any claims, suits or proceedings alleging a breach of these warranties.
- Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between Assignors and Assignee with respect to the subject matter herein and supersedes and prior or contemporaneous agreements, written or oral.

- Modifications. This Agreement may be modified only by a written agreement signed by both Assignors and Assignee.
- Governing Law. This agreement shall be governed by and enforced in accordance with the State of California and the Ninth Circuit, without giving effect to any conflicts of laws principles.
- 6. Severability. If one or more provisions of this Agreement are held to be illegal or unenforceable under applicable law, such illegal or unenforceable portion(s) shall be limited or excluded from this Agreement to the minimum extent required so that this Agreement shall otherwise remain in full force and effect and enforceable in accordance with its terms.
- Assignment. Assignee may assign or otherwise transfer this Agreement without consent or notice.
- 8. <u>Perfection.</u> Assignors agree at the request and expense of POTI to execute any documents or perform any actions which POTI may request to perfect this assignment or otherwise implement this Agreement. Assignors agree that this assignment may be submitted by POTI to the United States Copyright Office to reflect the assignment.
- Confidentiality. Neither party shall reveal the terms of this Agreement to any third party unless ordered to do so by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 10. Jurisdiction. Each party agrees to submit to the exclusive personal jurisdiction and venue of the courts of the Island of Nevis with respect to any disputes arising hereunder.

Agreed and Accepted as of the first date written above.



Raymond Rogers, on behalf of:

Assignors
Heartbreaker Films
Heartbreaker Productions, Inc.
Raymond Rogers
XSC Digital Corp.

Alan Cooper, on behalf of:

Assignee AF Films, LLC

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT TO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE FOR DISCOVERY

This case has been assigned to District Judge George H. Wu and the assigned discovery Magistrate Judge is Charles Eick.

The case number on all documents filed with the Court should read as follows:

CV12- 6657 GW (Ex)

Pursuant to General Order 05-07 of the United States District Court for the Central District of California, the Magistrate Judge has been designated to hear discovery related motions.

All discovery related motions should be noticed on the calendar of the Magistrate Judge

NOTICE TO COUNSEL

A copy of this notice must be served with the summons and complaint on all defendants (if a removal action is filed, a copy of this notice must be served on all plaintiffs).

Subsequent documents must be filed at the following location:

==============

Western Division 312 N. Spring St., Rm. G-8 Los Angeles, CA 90012

Southern Division
411 West Fourth St., Rm. 1-053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516

Eastern Division 3470 Twelfth St., Rm. 134 Riverside, CA 92501

Failure to file at the proper location will result in your documents being returned to you.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

I (a) PLAINTIFFS (Check box if you are representing yourself □) AF HOLDINGS LLC						DEFENDANTS JOHN DOE					
				-							
				* .							
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Ac yourself, provide same.)	ddress ar	nd Telephone Number. If y	you are	representing A	ttorneys ((If Known)					
Brett L. Gibbs, Of Counso 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941; T											
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTIO	N (Place	e an X in one box only.)				RINCIPAL PA		For Diversity Case defendant.)	s Only		
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	₩ 3	Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	Citizen of This St	ate		TF DE	Incorporated or l of Business in th		PTF □ 4	DEF 4
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant ☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)			Citizen of Anothe	f Another State				□ 5			
				Citizen or Subjec	of a Fore	eign Country [3 🗆 3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	□ 6
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in or	ne box o	nly.)									
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V. REQUESTED IN COMPL	AINT:	JURY DEMAND:	Yes □	No (Check 'Yes'	only if de	manded in comp	plaint.)				
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and Corrupt	1	Judgment	- 210	Liability		Product Liabil	_	Other	□ 740 Railwa	y Labo	r Act
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□ 875 Customer Challenge 12		Veteran's Benefits		Injury		Voting		Drug	□ 830 Patent		
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CV12-6657.

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number: ______

AFTER COMPLETING THE FRONT SIDE OF FORM CV-71, COMPLETE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BELOW.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

If yes, list case number(s):	ES: Has this action been p	previously filed in this court a	and dismissed, remanded or closed? ☑ No ☐ Yes						
VIII(b). RELATED CASE. If yes, list case number(s):	S: Have any cases been pr	reviously filed in this court th	at are related to the present case? No □ Yes						
Civil cases are deemed relat	ted if a previously filed ca	ase and the present case:							
			ons, happenings, or events; or						
,			ially related or similar questions of law and fact; or						
			cation of labor if heard by different judges; or						
			ght, and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.						
	D. Involve the same p	atent, trademark or copyrigh	t, and one of the factors identified above in a, o of c also is present.						
IX. VENUE: (When comple	ting the following informa	tion, use an additional sheet	if necessary.)						
(a) List the County in this □ □ Check here if the govern	District; California County	outside of this District; State	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides. f this box is checked, go to item (b).						
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country						
	= -		St. Kitts and Nevis						
			if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides. If this box is checked, go to item (c).						
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country						
Unknown - Geolocation t	racks IP address to Los	Angeles County							
(c) List the County in this D	Nistrict: California County	outside of this District: State	if other than California as Familia Country in which FACH aloise						
		on of the tract of land invol	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose. ved.						
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country						
Unknown - Geolocation tr	racks IP address to Los	Angeles County							
* Les Assols Osses Co.	D	C . D .							
* Los Angeles, Orange, San Note: In land condemnation c	ases, use the location of the	e tract of land involved	San Luis Obispo Counties						
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTOR	RNEY (OR PRO PER):	Brett Gibbs	Date July 25, 2012						
Notice to Counsel/Partion or other papers as require	es: The CV-71 (JS-44) C d by law. This form, appro-	ivil Cover Sheet and the inforved by the Judicial Conference	rmation contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings to of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3-1 is not filed ting the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)						
Key to Statistical codes relating	ng to Social Security Cases	:							
Nature of Suit	Code Abbreviation	Substantive Statement o	f Cause of Action						
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))							
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C. 923)							
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))							
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))							
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security Act, as amended.							
865	old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42								

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